## Unetaneh Toqef as a Midrashic Poem Reuven Kimelman

Color highlights and fonts by Rabbi Kimelman, all indicating words re-used throughout *Unetane Togef*.

Gray indicates source texts and their translations compiled by Noah Gradofsky from Sefaria based on references in Rabbi Kimelman's translation. **Bold words represent identical words from the source text used by** *Unetaneh Toqef.* Underlined words represent *Unetaneh Toqef* using synonyms parallel to the source text. Follow links for Sefaria text.

1. And so to You may our *Qedushah* ascend, for You our God are King.

1. וּבְכֵן לְדְּ תַּעֲלֶה קְדָשָׁה, כִּי אַתָּה אֱלֹהֵינוּ <mark>מֱלֶדְּ</mark>.

2a. Now, let us proclaim the power of the holiness of the day, for **it is awesome and dreadful** [see Habakkuk 1:7].

2a.וּנְתַנֶּה תְּקֶף קְדֻשַׁת הַיּוֹם כִּי **הוּא נוֹרַא וְאֵיֹם**.1

צָּלָם וְנוֹרָא הָוּא מִמֶּנוּ מִשְׁפַּטְוֹ וּשְׂאֵתְוֹ יֵצֵא:

They are terrible, dreadful; They make their own laws and rules.

b. On it Your kingship is exalted [see Numbers 24:7],

b. ובו תְּנַשֵּׂא מַלְכוּתֵּדְּ

יַזַּל־מַּיִם מְדֶּלִיָּן וְזַרְעָוֹ בְּמַיִם רַבָּים וְיָרָם מֱאֲגַגֹ מַלְכֹּוֹ וְתִּנְשֵׂא מַלְכַּתְוֹ:

Their boughs drip with moisture, Their roots have abundant water. Their ruler shall rise above Agag, Their sovereignty shall be exalted.

as Your throne is established by generosity [see Proverbs 20:28]

וַיַכוֹן בָּחֲמֶד כִּסְאֵדְּ

ַחַסַד וַאֲמֶת יִצִּרוּ־מֻלַךְ <u>וְסַעַד</u> בַּחַ**סַד כִּסְאִוֹ:** 

Faithfulness and loyalty protect the king; He maintains his throne by faithfulness.

truly letting You reign from it [see <u>Isaiah 16:5</u>].

ַוְתֵשֵׁב עָלָיו <mark>בָּאֱמֶת</mark>.

וָהוּכַן בַּחֶסֶל כִּסֵׂא **וְיָשֵב עָלֵיו בָּאֵמֶת** בְּאְהֶל דָּוֶד שׁבֵּט וְדֹרֵשׁ מִשְׁפָּט וּמְהֶר צֶדֶק:

And a throne shall be established in goodness In the tent of David, **And on it shall sit in faithfulness** A ruler devoted to justice And zealous for equity.

c. Truly, You are He who is

c. <mark>אֱמֶת</mark> כִּי אַתָּה הוּא

judge, plaintiff, knower (of motives), and witness [see M. Avot 4:22].

ַדִּיָּן <u>וּמוֹכִיחַ</u> וַיוֹדֵעַ וָעֵד,

... הוא <u>המַבִין,</u> הוא **הַדִּיָּן**, הוא **עד**, הוא <u>בעל דִּין,</u> וְהוּא עָתִיד לְדוּן.

... He is the discerner, He is the judge, He the witness, He the complainant, and that He will summon to judgment.

You record and seal (count and number).<sup>2</sup>

<mark>וְכוֹתֵב</mark> וְחוֹתֵם (וְסוֹפֵר וּמוֹנֶה).

d. You adduce all that has been forgotten [see  $\underline{M. Ta'anit 2:4}$ ]

d. וְתִזְכֹּר כָּל־הַגְּשִׁבָּחוֹת

עַל הַשְּׁנִיָּה הוּא אוֹמֵר ... בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה ה' זוֹ**כֵר הַנִּשְׁכָּחוֹת**.

For the second blessing he recites ... Blessed are You, Lord, Who remembers the forgotten.

by opening the book of records

וְתִפְתַּח אֶת־מֶפֶר הַזִּכְרוֹנוֹת

where each entry speaks for itself

ומֵאֵלָיו יִקְרֵא

having its owner's signature [see Job 37:7].

וחותם יד כל־אדם בּוֹ.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Note the reversal of נורא and נורא from Habakuk to Unetaneh Toqef order to rhyme with היום from in the previous hemistich

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> These two are missing in many versions; see 4c.

## בָּיַד־כָּל־אַדָם יַחָתִּוֹם לְדַּעַת כַּל־אַנְשֵׁי מַעֲשֵׂהוּ:

Is as a sign on every man's hand, That all men may know His doings.

3a. And the **great** shofar is sounded [see <u>Isaiah 27:13</u>, <u>Exodus 19:19</u>] ובשופר גדול יתקע.3a ָוָהָיָה וּ בַּיָּוֹם הָהוֹא **יָתַקע" בְּשׁוֹפֶר גַּדוֹל"** וּבָאוּ הַאָּבִדִים בָּאָרֵץ אֲשׁוּר וְהַנְּדַחִים בָּאָרֵץ מִצְרַיִם וְהַשְׁתַּחַוּוּ לִיהֹוָה בְּהַר הַקֹּּדֵשׁ בִּירוּשֵׁלַם: And in that day, a great ram's horn shall be sounded; and the strayed who are in the land of Assyria and the expelled who are in the land of Egypt shall come and worship GOD on the holy mount, in Jerusalem. (Isaiah 27:23) וַיָהִי קוֹל הַשֹּׁפֶּׁר הוֹלֵךְ וְחָזֵק מְאֶד מֹשֶׁה יְדַבֵּׁר וְהָאֱלֹהָים יַעֲגֵנוּ בְקוֹל: The blare of the horn grew louder and louder. As Moses spoke, God answered him in thunder. (Ex. 19:19) but a muted murmuring sound is heard [see 1 Kings 19:12, Job 4:16]. ַנקוֹל דָּמָמָה דַקָּה יִשְּׁמַע. ואַחַר הַרַעשׁ אָשׁ לֹא בַאֵשׁ יי ואַחַר הַאָּשׁ קוֹל דָּמְמָה דָקָה: After the earthquake—fire; but GOD was not in the fire. And after the fire—a soft murmuring sound. b. The angels panic b. וּמַלְאַכִים יֵחַפֶּזוּן trepidation and trembling seizing them [see Psalm 48:6-7] וְחִיל וּרְעַדָה יאֹחֵזוּן הַמָּה רָאוּ בֵּן תַּמָהוּ נִבְהַלִּוּ נֶחְפֵּזוּ: **רְעָדָה אֲחָזָתִם** שָׁם חׁׄיל כַּיּוֹלֵדֶה: At the mere sight of it they were stunned, they were terrified, they panicked; they were seized there with a trembling, like a woman in the throes of labor, c. as they declare: "Behold, the day of judgment." c. וִיאמרוּ: הָנָה יוֹם הַדִּין. to arraign the hosts on high in judgment [see Isaiah 24:21], לפקד על צבא מרום בדין וָהַיָה בַּיִּוֹם הָהוֹא יִפְקָּד יִהֹוֶה עַל־צָבָא הַמַּרוֹם בַּמַרוֹם וְעַל־מַלְכֵי הַאַדָמָה עַל־הָאַדָמָה In that day, GOD will punish The host of heaven in heaven And the kings of the earth on earth. for in Your eyes they will not be acquitted in judgment [see כִּי לֹא יִזְכּוּ בְעֵינֵיךְ בַּדִּיןְ. Job 15:15]. הן בקדשו לא יאמין ושמים לא־זכּוּ בעיגיו: He puts no trust in His holy ones; The heavens are not guiltless in His sight; וְכַל־בָּאֵי עוֹלָם.4a 4a. And all who have come into the world יַעַברוּן לְפַנֵידְ כְּבְנֵי מֵרוֹן. will pass before You as the angelic hosts/as a flock of **sheep** [see M. Rosh Hashanah 1:2]. ... בָּראשׁ הַשַּׁנַה כַּל בַּאֵי הַעוֹלַם **עוֹבְרִין לִפַנִיו כִּבְנִי מַרוֹן** ... ... on Rosh HaShana, all creatures pass before Him like sheep... b. Like a shepherd who checks his flock [see Ezekiel 34:12] b. כָּבַקרת רוֹעה עַדְרוֹ ָבָּקָרֶת רֹ**עָה עַדְרוֹ** בִּיוֹם־הֵיוֹתוֹ בָתוֹךְ־צֹאנוֹ נָפָרַשׁוֹת כֵּן אֲבַקָּר אֶת־צֹאנִי וָהְצַּלְתֵּי אֶתְהָם מְכַּל־הַמְּקוֹמֹת אֲשֶׁר נַפְצוּ שַׁם בִּיִוֹם עַנַן וַעַרְפֵּל: As shepherds seek out their flock when some [animals] in their flock have gotten separated, so I will seek out My flock, I will rescue them from all the places to which they were scattered on a day of cloud and gloom. making each of his **sheep pass under his staff** [see Leviticus 27:32f], מעביר צאנו הַחַת שַׁבְּטוֹ, ָוָכַל־מַעִשַׂר בַּקַר**ׁ וַצֹּאו** כָּל אָשֶׁר־יַ**עַבָּר הַחַת הַשַּבט** הַעֲשִׂיךִי יָהְיָה־קֹּדֵשׁ לֵיי: All tithes of the herd or flock—of all that passes under the shepherd's staff, every tenth one shall be holy to ". כן הַעְבִיר וְתִסְפֹּר וְתִמְנֶה.c c. So You will have **pass** as you count, **number**,

וָתִפְּקֹד נֶפֶשׁ כָּל־חָי, ָּבָעָרִי הָשָׁפַלָה וּבְעָרֵי הַנֶּגֶב וּבְאָרֶץ בִּנְיָמֶן וּבִסְבִיבֵי יְרוּשָׁלֻם וּבְעָרֵי יְהוּדֶה עִּד מ**ִעְבְרְנָה** הַצְּאֹן עַל־יְדֵי **מוֹנֶה** אָמֵר יי: In the towns of the hill country, in the towns of the Shephelah, and in the towns of the Negeb, in the land of Benjamin and in the environs of Jerusalem and in the towns of Judah, sheep shall **pass** again under the hands of one who **counts** them—said GOD.

and arraign each living being [see Jeremiah 33:13].

d. And determine each person's sentence and record their verdict.

d. וְמַחְּתֹּךְ קצְבָּה לְכָל־בְּרִיֶּה <mark>וְתִכְּתֹב</mark> אֶת־גְּזַר דִּינָם.

5. On Rosh Hashanah it is recorded

But on the fast of *Kippur* it is sealed: [see B. Rosh Hashanah 16a]

5. בְּרֹאשׁ הַשָּׁנָה <mark>וְכָּתֵבוּוְ</mark> וּבִיוֹם צוֹם כָּפּוּר יֶחַתְמוּן.

וְאָדָם נִידּוֹן בְּרֹאשׁ הַשָּׁנָה, וּגְזַר דִּין שֶׁלּוֹ נֶחְתָּם בְּיוֹם הַכִּפּוּרִים.

And mankind is judged on Rosh HaShana, and the sentence is sealed on Yom Kippur

6a. How many shall **pass** on [see Psalm 104:9a]

ה יַעֲבֹרוּן.6a

גָבוּל־שֻׂמְתָּ בַּל־יַ**עֲבֹרָוּן** בַּל־יִשֻבׁוּן לְכַסְוֹת הָאָרֶץ:

You set bounds they must not **pass** so that they never again cover the earth. and how many shall **come into being**, [see <u>Psalm 104:30a</u>].

תשלח רוחד יבראון ותחדש פני אדמה:

send back Your breath, they are created, and You renew the face of the earth.

b. who shall **live** and who shall **die** [B. Rosh Hashanah 16b]

b. מִי יָחָיָה וֹמִי יָמוּת,

עדיקים גְּמוּרין — נִכְתָּבִין וְנֶחְתָּמִין לְאַלְתַּר לְּחַיִּים, רְשָׁעִים גְּמוּרִין — נִכְתָּבִין וְנֶחְתָּמִין לְאַלְתַּר לְּחַיִּים, בְּינוֹנִיִּים — נִכְתָּבִין לְחַיִּים, לֹא זָכוּ — נִכְתָּבִין לְמִיתָה. מְלוּיִין וְעוֹמְדִין מֵראֹשׁ הַשָּׁנָה וְעַד יוֹם הַכִּפּוּרִים, זָכוּ — נִכְתָּבִין לְחַיִּים, לֹא זָכוּ — נִכְתָּבִין לְמִיתָה.

Wholly righteous people are immediately written and sealed for **life**; wholly wicked people are immediately written and sealed for **death**; and middling people are left with their judgment suspended from Rosh HaShana until Yom Kippur. If they merit, they are written for **life**; if they do not so merit, they are written for **death**.

who shall reach his end and who shall not:

.c מִי בְקצוֹ וּמִי לֹא בְקצוֹ:

who by fire and who by flood [see Psalm 66:12a],

d. מִי בָּאֲשׁ וּמִי בַּמְּיִם,

ָהְרַכַּבְהָ אֱנוֹשׁ לְרֹאֹעֵנוּ בָּאנוּ־בָּאֵשׁ וּבַּמַּיִם וַתּוֹצִיאֵנוּ לָרְנָיָה:

You have let men ride over us; we have endured **fire and water**, and You have brought us through to prosperity.

who by war and who by beast,

פי בַחַרָב וּמִי בַחַיָּה, e

who by starvation and who by dehydration [see Jeremiah 15:2-5],

מי ברעב ומי בצמא, f.

ן הָיָה כִּי־יֹאמְרוּ אֵלֶיךּ אֲנָה נַצֵּא וְאָמַרְהָּ אֲלִיהֶם כֹּה־אָמֶר יְהֹוָה אֲשֶׁר לַמֶּוֶת לַמְּוֶת לַמְּוֶת לַמְּוֶת לַמְּוֶת לַמְּוֶת לַמְּרֵב לְהָשָׁר לִשְּׁבִי לְאָבְי לְאָבְל וּלְהַשְּׁחִית: ... וּפָּקְדְהִּי עֲלִיהָם אַרְבַּע מִשְׁפְּחוֹת נָאֲב־יְהֹוֹה אֶת־הַחָּרֵב לְהַרֹּג וְאָת־הַכְּלָבִים לְסָתְב וְאָת־מְּרָב לְהָלְי וּלְהַשְּׁחִית: And if they ask you, 'To what shall we go forth?' answer them, 'Thus said GOD: Those destined for the plague, to the plague; Those destined for the sword, to the sword; Those destined for famine, to famine; Those destined for captivity, to captivity. And I will appoint over them four kinds [of punishment]—declares GOD — the sword to slay, the dogs to drag, the birds of the sky, and the beasts of the earth to devour and destroy. ... who by shattering events³ and who by plague,

who by choking and who by pelting, who shall be at rest and who restless, who shall be tranquil and who tormented, who shall be at ease and who at dis-ease, who shall wax rich and who shall wane poor, who shall have an upturn and who a downturn.

h. מִי בַחֲנִיקָה וּמִי בַסְקִילָה, i. מִי יָנְוּחַ וּמִי יָנְוּעַ, j. מִי יַשְׁקִיט וּמִי יְטֹרַף, k. מִי יִשְׁלֵו וּמִי יִתְנַסֶּר, l. מִי יִעֲשִׁיר וּמִי יַעֲנִי,

7. **But** *teshuvah*, *tefillah* and *tzedakah* remove the harshness/hardship of the decree.

7. *וֹתְשׁוּבָה* וּתְפִּלָּה וּצְדָקָה מַצַבִּירִין אֱת־רִעַ הַגְּזֵרַה.

.m מִי יַרוּם וּמִי יָשָׁפַּל.

8a. For **as Your** (four-lettered) **name** (is one of mercy) **so is Your reputation** [Psalm 48:11]:

8a.כִּי כְשִׁמְדְּ בֵּן תְּהִלָּתֶרְ:

בּשִׁמָּהָ אֵלהִים בּ**וֹ הַהּלַתִּה** עַל־קצְנִי־אֵרֵץ צַׁדֵק מַלְאַה יִמִינֵה:

The praise of You, God, like Your name, reaches to the ends of the earth; Your right hand is filled with beneficence.

## hard to anger and easy to appease [M. Avot 5:11],

קָשֶׁה לִכְעֹס וְנְוֹחַ לִרְצוֹת,

אַרְבַּע מִדּוֹת בַּדֵּעוֹת. נוֹחַ לְכְעֹס וְנוֹחַ לִרְצוֹת, יָצָא שְׂכָרוֹ בְהֶפְּסֵדוֹ. קַשֶּׁה לְכְעֹס וְקַשֶּׁה לִרְצוֹת, יָצָא הָפְּסֵדוֹ בִשְּׂכָרוֹ. קַשֶּׁה לִרְצוֹת, בָּדַעוֹת. נוֹחַ לִרְצוֹת, חָסִיד. נוֹחַ לִכְעֹס וְקַשֶּׁה לִרְצוֹת, רָשָׁע:

There are four kinds of temperaments: Easy to become angry, and easy to be appeased: his gain disappears in his loss; Hard to become angry, and hard to be appeased: his loss disappears in his gain; **Hard to become angry and easy to be appeased**: a pious person; Easy to become angry and hard to be appeased: a wicked person.

b. for You desire not the <u>sinner's</u> death, <u>but that</u> in turning from his path he might live [see Ezekiel 18:23]. b. כִּי לֹא תַחְפֹּץ בְּמוֹת <u>המֶת</u> כִּי אָם בְּשׁוּבוֹ מִדַּרְכּוֹ וְחָיָה.

ָהָחָפָּץ **אֶחְפּּץ מִוֹת רַשַּׁע** נְאָם אֲדֹנֵי <u>הְלָוֹא</u> בְּשׁוּבְוֹ מִדְּרָכָיו וְחָיָה:

Is it my **desire** that the <u>wicked</u> shall **die**?—says the Sovereign GOD. It is <u>rather</u> that they shall **turn back from their ways and live**. (Ez. 18:23)

c. Indeed, to his dying day You await him, were he to return You would welcome him at once.

c, וְעַד יוֹם <mark>מוֹתוֹ</mark> הְחַכֶּה־לּוֹ,

d. Truly, You are their Maker

אָם יָשׁוּב מִיַּד תְּקַבְּלוֹ. d. <mark>אֱמֶת</mark> כִּי אַתַּה הוּא יוֹצְרֵם

and know of what they are made [see Psalm 103:14a]

ויוֹדֵעַ יִצְרַם

that they are (but) flesh and blood [see Psalm 103:14b].

בּי הֶם בַּשֵׂר וַדָם.

פִּי־הָוֹא יָ**דָע יִצְרֶנוּ** זְכוֹּר כִּי־עַפַר אֲנַחְנוּ:

For He knows how we are formed; He is mindful that we are <u>dust</u>.

ָבָזַעַת אַפֶּיךּ תָאכַל לֶחֶם עַד שִׁוּכִךּ אֶל־הָאַדָמָה כִּי <u>מְמֵנַה לַקַּחָתַ</u> כִּי־**עָפָר** אַׁתַּה וָאֶל־**עָפָר** 

By the sweat of your brow Shall you get bread to eat, Until you <u>return</u> to the **ground**—For from it you were taken.

b. At the risk of his life he earns his bread [see Lamentations 5:9].

b. בּנָפִשׁוֹ יבִיא לַחָמוֹ.

בּנַפְשֵׁנוּ נַבֵּיא לַחָּמֶנוּ מִפְנֵי חֶרֶב הַמְּדְבַּר:

We get our bread at the peril of our lives, Because of the sword of the wilderness.

c. (In Scripture, life) is said to be

c. מַשׁוּל

Like a shard – shattered [see Leviticus 6:21]

בַחֲרָס הַנִּשִׁבַּר

ּוּכְלִי־**תֶרֶשׂ** אֲשֶׁר תְּבָשַׁל־בָּוֹ יִ**שָׁבֶר** וְאִם־בִּכְלִי נְחֹשֶׁתֹ בֻּשֶּׁלָה וּמֹרַק וְשֻׁטַף בַּמֵּיִם:

An **earthen vessel** in which it was boiled shall be **broken**; if it was boiled in a copper vessel, [the vessel] shall be scoured and rinsed with water.

like **grass** – **withering**, [Isaiah 40:7]

כְּחָצִיר יָבִשׁ

like a **flower** – **wilting** [Isaiah 40:7, see Psalm 103:14, text above in 8d)

וּכִצִיץ נוֹבֵל

יָבֶשׁ חָצִיר נָבֶל צִיץ כֵּי רַוּחַ יְהֹוָה נָשְׁבָה בִּוֹ אָכֵן חָצִיר הָעָם:

Grass withers, flowers fade When the breath of GOD's breath blows on them. Indeed, people are but grass. (Is. 40:7)

like a shadow – passing [Psalm 144:4b]

כִּצֵל עוֹבֵר

אָדָם לַהֶּבֶל דָּמָה יָׁמָיו **כְּצֵל עוֹבֵר**:

Man is like a breath; his days are like a passing shadow.

like a cloud – fading [Job. 7:9],

וּכְעָנָן כָּלֶה

בָּ**לֶה עָנֶן** וַיֵּלֶדְ כֵּן יוֹרֵד שְׁאוֹל לְא יַעֲלֶה:

As a cloud fades away, So whoever goes down to Sheol does not come up;

like a breeze – fleeting [see Isaiah 40:7]

וּכְרוּחַ נוֹשֵׁבֶת

יָבֵשׁ חָצִיר נָבֵל צִיץ כֵּי רָוּחַ יְהֹוֶה נָשְׁבָּה כִּוֹ אָבֵן חָצִיר הָעֵם:

Grass withers, flowers fade When the breath of GOD's breath blows on them.

Indeed, people are but grass:

**like dust** – <u>flittering</u> [see <u>Isaiah 5:24a</u>]

וּכָאָבָק <u>פּוֹרֵת</u>

ּלָכֵן בֶּאֶבֶּל לֵשׁ לְשָׁוֹן אֵשׁ וַחָשָׁשׁ לָהָבָה יִרְפֶּׁה שְׁרְשָׁם כַּמֵּק יְהְיֶּה וּפִרְחָם **כִּאָבֶ**ק יַעֲלֵה כִּי מְאַסֿוּ אֵת תּוֹרַת יְהֹוָה צְבָאׁוֹת וְאֵת אָמְרַת קְדְוֹשׁ־יִשְׂרָאֵל נִאֲצוּ:

Assuredly, As straw is consumed by a tongue of fire And hay shrivels as it burns, Their stock shall become like rot, And their buds shall blow away like dust. For they have rejected the instruction of GOD of Hosts, Spurned the word of the Holy One of Israel.

like a dream - flying off [Job 20:8].

וְכַחֲלוֹם יָעוּף.

בָ**קלוֹם יָעוּף** וְלָא יִמְצָאָהוּ וְיַדִּׁד כְּחֶזְיוֹן לְיְלָה:

He flies away like a dream and cannot be found; He is banished like a night vision.

10. **But** You are king everlasting God.

.10 וְאַתָּה הוּא <mark>מֶלֶךְ</mark> אֵל חֵי וְקַיָּם.